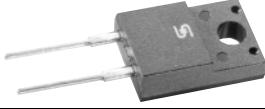




# SFAF504G

Isolation 5.0 AMPS. Glass Passivated Super Fast Rectifiers



Voltage Range  
200 Volts  
Current  
5.0 Amperes

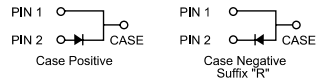
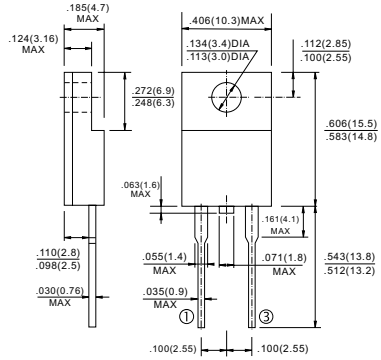
## Features

- ✧ Low forward voltage drop
- ✧ High current capability
- ✧ High reliability
- ✧ High surge current capability

## Mechanical Data

- ✧ Case: ITO-220AC molded plastic
- ✧ Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- ✧ Terminals: Leads solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 guaranteed
- ✧ Polarity: As marked
- ✧ High temperature soldering guaranteed: 250°C/10 seconds .16", (4.06mm) from case.
- ✧ Weight: 2.24 grams

## ITO-220AC



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

## Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

Type Number	SFAF504G	Units
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	200	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	140	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	200	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current .375 (9.5mm) Lead Length @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	5.0	A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms Single Half Sine-wave Superimposed on Rated Load (JEDEC method)	125	A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage @ 5.0A	0.975	V
Maximum DC Reverse Current @ T <sub>A</sub> =25°C at Rated DC Blocking Voltage @ T <sub>A</sub> =100°C	10.0 400	uA uA
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 1)	35	nS
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	70	pF
Typical Thermal Resistance R θ <sub>JC</sub> (Note 3)	5.0	°C/W
Operating Temperature Range T <sub>J</sub>	-65 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature Range T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

- Notes: 1. Reverse Recovery Test Conditions: I<sub>F</sub>=0.5A, I<sub>R</sub>=1.0A, I<sub>RR</sub>=0.25A  
 2. Measured at 1 MHz and Applied Reverse Voltage of 4.0 V D.C.  
 3. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case Mounted on Heatsink.

## RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES ( SFAF504G )

FIG.1- REVERSE RECOVERY TIME CHARACTERISTIC AND TEST CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

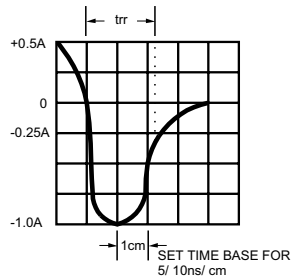
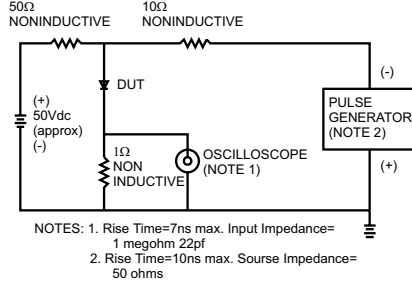


FIG.2- MAXIMUM FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

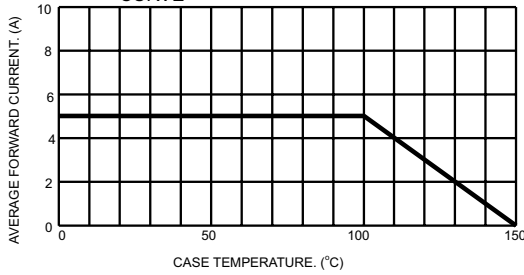


FIG.3- TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

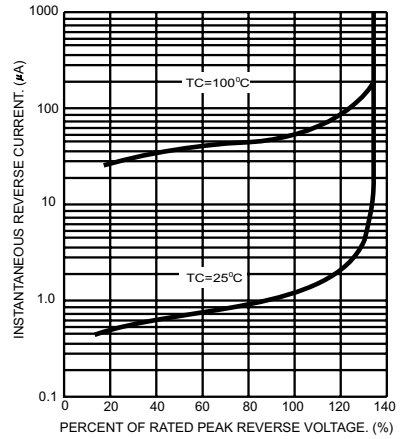


FIG.4- MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

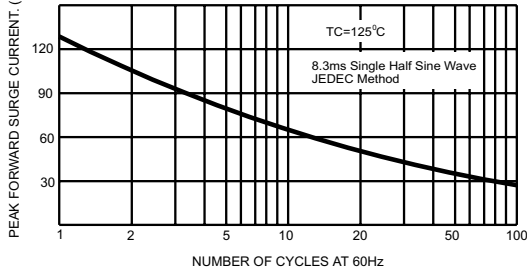


FIG.6- TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

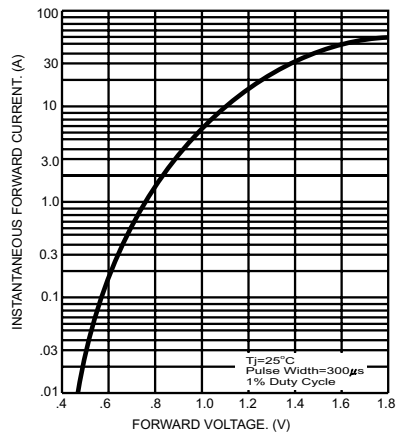


FIG.5- TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

